Comments to "International mobility of Italian graduates: an overview"

European Commission

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www.jrc.ec.europa.eu Serving society Stimulating innovation Supporting legislation

Something about myself

Italian abroad

- Economics, La Sapienza
- Left upon graduation

PhD graduates' mobility EC -JRC – Seville

Smart Specialisation – Universities key stakeholders
Skills and graduates increasingly prominent.

Institute fee Energy



Institute for Health and Consumer Protection

of Studies

Something about myself









Institute for Prospective Echandegical Studies







Academic perspective – Key result

Statistical Analysis

- Multivariate approach
 - 11 comparable clusters
 - Treatment = working abroad vs working in Italy

Empirical paper – one clear result:

Graduates are economically rational

Furthermore...

- Graduates are ready to move internationally (Gasperoni et al.)
- Mobility rates comparable to other EU country



Institute for Headth

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Circon

Academic comments – Future research



Other geographical features

- Innovation system
- Quality of life

Prospective Technological Studies



Social networks

- Number of graduates from the same
- region/university,Potentially in previous years



Individual characteristics

- STEM VS Non-STEM skills
- Gender
- Interaction between the two



Other labourmarket outcomes

 Satisfaction, geography, social background and expectations



curity of the Citizen



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Institute for Environment and Sustainability

Academic perspective – Endogeneity Police

Endogeneity

- Migration and employment are endogenous
- Conditions of entry in the labour market vary
- How does this affect the clusters?

Suggestion

 Comparison clusters based on similar characteristics upon graduation, without employment.



Italian perspective

Important result – beyond usual rethoric

- International mobility is rational
- International mobility is "normal" rates similar to other countries

So...where is the problem?

- Return-migration rates differ
- Foreign graduates do not come to work in Italy
- The skills produced are not absorbed here.

The problem is structural

The EU and global perspective





Structural Problem

Pellegrino-Zingales 2014, referenced in Cammelli

EU level phenomenon

- Mediterranean and Eastern EU
- Western EU countries less affected by the crisis





Universities as	Skill-match & triple-helix: critical in the current use of structural funds (Smart Specialisation)
developme ntal actors	What skills should University and the Higher-Education sector produce?
	Engagment with the territory and with the private sector to understand human capital demands

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Summary and conclusions

Many dimensions

 Graduates mobility – strategic issue

Structural Problem – Structural Solution

• Development model

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SEVILLE

on Studies



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